

# Extended Euclid's Algorithm

## Multiplicative Inverses

Prof Hans Georg Schaathun

Høgskolen i Ålesund

Autumn 2013 – Crypto PK 3/2  
Recorded: October 9, 2013

# Multiplicative inverses

$$1 = a \cdot x + n \cdot y$$

- If there is a solution  $(x, y)$ , then
  - 1  $a$  has an inverse in  $\mathbb{Z}_n$
  - 2  $\text{hcf}(a, n) = 1$
- The converse is also true
- We have  $a^{-1} = x \pmod{n}$
- More generally, if  $d = \text{hcf}(a, n)$ , then we can solve

$$d = a \cdot x + n \cdot y$$

# Multiplicative inverses

$$1 = a \cdot x + n \cdot y$$

- If there is a solution  $(x, y)$ , then
  - 1  $a$  has an inverse in  $\mathbb{Z}_n$
  - 2  $\text{hcf}(a, n) = 1$
- The converse is also true
- We have  $a^{-1} = x \pmod{n}$
- More generally, if  $d = \text{hcf}(a, n)$ , then we can solve

$$d = a \cdot x + n \cdot y$$

# The process

$$n = aq_1 + r_1 \quad (1)$$

$$a = r_1 q_2 + r_2 \quad (2)$$

$$r_1 = r_2 q_3 + r_3 \quad (3)$$

$$r_2 = r_3 q_4 + r_4 \quad (4)$$

$$\vdots \quad (5)$$

$$r_{m-2} = r_{m-1} q_m + r_m \quad (6)$$

$$r_{m-1} = r_m q_{m+1} + 0 \quad (7)$$

# Numeric Example

## Exercise

*What is the inverse of 12 mod 55?*

# Numeric Example

$$x = 23 \quad y = -5$$

# Exercise

## Exercise

*Find the inverse of 28 mod 81.*