

Decoding Error Probabilities

A Case for Estimation

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Decoding Error

- Sending a bit on BSC is a Bernoulli trial.
 - either correct transmission (Success) or bit error (Failure).
- Consider sending a k -bit message word \mathbf{m}
 - channel with error control
 - Decoder gives an estimate $\hat{\mathbf{m}}$
 - We get either
 - 1 correct decoding (Success)
 - 2 decoding error (Failure)
- This is also a Bernoulli trial
 - Success probability p
 - or decoding error probability $p_e = 1 - p$.

p_e

p_e

Experiment and Theory

World of Things

World of Forms
Pe

Concrete	Abstract
Experiment	Theory
Observed values	Probability distribution
Stochastic variables	Unknown parameters
Estimate	Unknown value
Things	Ideas

estimate

A Monte Carlo Experiment

- Recall the Monte Carlo simulator.

- 1 Test the system n times
- 2 Record the number X of errors (failures)

$\rightarrow n$ Bernoulli trials

Exercise

What is the probability distribution of X ?

$$X \sim \mathcal{B}(n, \underline{p_e})$$

Experiment and Theory

$$\frac{X}{n} \sim \text{ERROR RATES}$$

Desired values	Observable values
p_e	n, X
	$X \sim B(n, p_e)$
	$E(X) = n \cdot p_e$
	$E(X/n) = p_e$

$$\frac{X}{n} \approx p_e \quad \text{w/ high prob.}$$

Point Estimator

Summary

- **Error rate:** $R = X/n$ — a stochastic variable
- **Error probability:** $p_e = E(R)$ — unknown parameter
- Observing enough instances of R X
 - we can make an opinion of the approximate value of $E(R) = p_e$
- $R \approx p_e$ with high probability ←
 - R is an **estimator** of p_e

Note the estimator is a stochastic variable.