# Words on the Channel <br> The error word 

# Prof Hans Georg Schaathun 

Høgskolen i Ålesund

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## The Word

- Long sequences of bits
- Split the sequence into blocks, or words
- Fixed-length words

Definition (Word)
An $n$-bit word is an $n$-dimensional vector, i.e. an element of $\mathbb{Z}_{2}^{n}$.

## A word on the BSC

- Transmitted word $\mathbf{x}$
- Received word $\mathbf{r}$

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\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{r}=\mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{e} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

- Error word $\mathbf{e}=\left(e_{1}, e_{2}, \ldots, e_{n}\right)$
- $e_{i}=1$ with probability $p$ (error)
- $e_{i}=0$ with probability $1-p$ (correct bit)


## Hamming weight

- How many bit errors do we have in a word?
- Let $t$ be the number of errors
- $t=w(\mathbf{e})$ is the number of one-bits in the error word

Definition (Hamming weight)
The Hamming weight $w(\mathbf{x})$ of a vector $\mathbf{x}$ is the number of non-zero elements of $\mathbf{x}$.

## Stochastic variables

- We had the channel formula
- $\mathbf{r}=\mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{e}$
- Considering the error as a stochastic variable, we should write
- $\mathbf{R}=\mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{E}$
- The number of errors is $T=w(\mathbf{E}), 0 \leq T \leq n$
- another stochastic variable
- What is the distribution of $T$ ?


## Closure

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Problem
Let T be the number of bit errors when transmitting an n-bit word over a BSC with bit error probabilty p. Describe the probability distribution of \(T\).
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- The answer to this problem is known as the binomial distribution.
- We will introduce it in the next video.

