Words on the Channel

The error word

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The Word

- Long sequences of bits
- Split the sequence into blocks, or words
- Fixed-length words

Definition (Word)

An *n*-bit word is an *n*-dimensional vector, i.e. an element of \mathbb{Z}_2^n .

A word on the BSC

- Transmitted word x
- Received word r

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{e}$$
 (1)

- Error word $\mathbf{e} = (e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n)$
 - e_i = 1 with probability p (error)
 - $e_i = 0$ with probability 1 p (correct bit)

Hamming weight

- How many bit errors do we have in a word?
- Let t be the number of errors
- $t = w(\mathbf{e})$ is the number of one-bits in the error word

Definition (Hamming weight)

The Hamming weight $w(\mathbf{x})$ of a vector \mathbf{x} is the number of non-zero elements of \mathbf{x} .

Stochastic variables

- We had the channel formula
 - $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{e}$
- Considering the error as a stochastic variable, we should write
 - ullet $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{E}$
- The number of errors is $T = w(\mathbf{E})$, $0 \le T \le n$
 - another stochastic variable
- What is the distribution of T?

Closure

Problem

Let T be the number of bit errors when transmitting an n-bit word over a BSC with bit error probabilty p.

Describe the probability distribution of T.

- The answer to this problem is known as the binomial distribution.
- We will introduce it in the next video.