Calculating a Confidence Interval First Example

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Exercise

You are interested in the average height of 6-year olds. In a class of 16 children you measure the following heights in centimeters:

109, 114, 115, 118, 119, 120, 121, 121, 121, 121, 122, 124, 124, 127, 128, 128, 131

Suppose you know that the standard deviation is $\sigma = 4$. Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the mean height.



Step 1: Sample Mean

The point estimator

109, 114, 115, 118, 119, 120, 121, 121, 121, 122, 124, 124, 127, 128, 128, 131



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The formula

$\bar{X} - z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sigma / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{X} + z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sigma / \sqrt{n}$



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Step 2: Using a probability table From Frisvold and Moe

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$F(z) = P(Z \le z)$, standardnormalfordelingen.

| 2 | .00 | 01 | .02 | .03 | 04 | .05 | .06 | .07 | .08 | .09 |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 0.0 | .5000 | .4960 | .4920 | -4880 | .4540 | .4501 | .4761 | .4721 | .4681 | .4641 |
| -0.1 | .4602 | .4562 | .4522 | .4483 | .4443 | .4404 | .4364 | .4325 | .4286 | .4247 |
| -0.2 | .4207 | .4168 | .4129 | .4090 | .4052 | .4013 | .3974 | .3936 | .3897 | .3859 |
| -0.3 | .3821 | .3783 | .3745 | .3707 | .3669 | .3632 | .3594 | .3557 | .3520 | .3453 |
| -0.4 | .3446 | .3409 | .3372 | -5336 | .3300 | .3264 | -5228 | .3192 | .3156 | -5121 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0.5 | .3085 | .3050 | .3015 | .2981 | .2946 | .2912 | .2877 | .2843 | .2810 | .2776 |
| -0.6 | .2743 | .2709 | .2676 | .2643 | .2611 | .2578 | .2546 | .2514 | .2483 | .2451 |
| -0.7 | .2420 | .2389 | .2358 | .2327 | .2296 | .2266 | -2236 | .2206 | .2177 | .2148 |
| -0.8 | .2119 | .2090 | .2061 | .2033 | .2005 | .1977 | .1949 | -1922 | .1504 | .1867 |
| -0.9 | .1841 | .1814 | .1788 | .1762 | .1736 | .1711 | .1685 | .1660 | .1635 | .1611 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| -1.0 | .1587 | .1552 | .1539 | .1515 | .1492 | .1469 | .1446 | .1423 | .1401 | .1379 |
| -1.1 | .1357 | .1335 | .1314 | .1292 | .1271 | ,1251 | .1230 | .1201 | .1190 | .1170 |
| -1.2 | .1151 | .1131 | .1112 | .1093 | .1075 | .1056 | .1038 | .1020 | .1003 | ,0985 |
| -1.3 | .0968 | .0951 | .0934 | .0918 | .0001 | .0685 | .0869 | .0853 | .0838 | .0823 |
| -1.4 | .0808 | .0793 | .0778 | .0764 | .0749 | .0735 | .0721 | .0708 | .0694 | .0681 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| -1.5 | .0558 | .0655 | .0643 | .0530 | .0518 | .0505 | .0594 | .0582 | .0571 | .0559 |
| -1.6 | .0548 | .0537 | .0526 | .0516 | .0505 | .0495 | .0485 | .0475 | .0465 | .0455 |
| -1.7 | .0446 | .0436 | .0427 | .0418 | .0409 | .0401 | .0392 | .0384 | .0375 | .0367 |
| -1.8 | .0359 | .0351 | .0344 | .0336 | .0329 | .0322 | .0314 | .0307 | .0301 | .0294 |
| -1.9 | .0287 | .0281 | .0274 | .0268 | .0262 | .0256 | .0250 | .0244 | .0239 | .0233 |

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Completing the Solution

$$\bar{X} - z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sigma / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{X} + z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sigma / \sqrt{n}$$

•
$$\bar{x} =$$

- *z* = 1.96
- $n = 16, \sqrt{n} = 4$
- $\sigma/\sqrt{n} = 1$
- $z_{0.0.25} \cdot \sigma / \sqrt{n} = 1.96$

