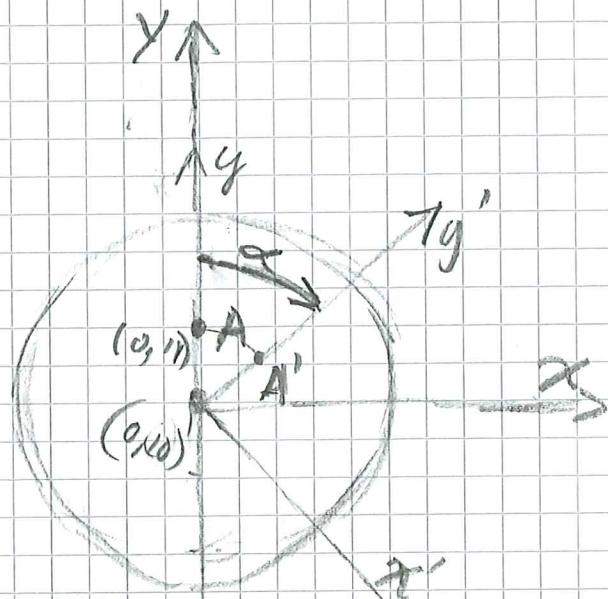


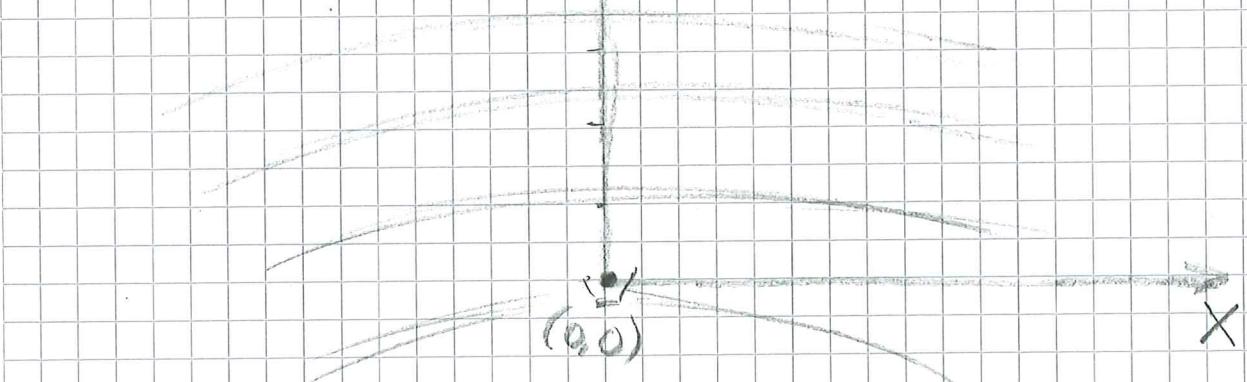
# STAGE TURNTABLE



$$② A_L = (0, 1)^T$$

$$O_G = (0, 1)^T$$

$$A_G = A_L + O_G = \underline{(0, 1)^T}$$



$$③ R_\theta = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

for counterclockwise rotation by  $\theta$

We have  $\theta = -\alpha$

$$R_{-\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

STAGE 5  
Turn Target  
cont'd

$$\textcircled{4} \quad A'_L = R_{-\alpha} \cdot A_L = \begin{bmatrix} \sin \alpha \\ \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A'_G = A'_L + O_G = \begin{bmatrix} \sin \alpha \\ 10 + \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad B'_L = R_{-\alpha} \cdot B_L = \begin{bmatrix} x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha \\ -x \sin \alpha + y \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B'_G = B'_L + O_G = \begin{bmatrix} x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha \\ 10 + x \sin \alpha + y \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

\textcircled{6} Above, we used the same calculation as in \textcircled{2}, simply applying the translation of the origin

We can verify geometrically

